The Hillsborough Recorder.

C. N. B. & T. C. EVANS, EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.] WE KNEEL TO NONE BUT GOD [TERMS---$2 50 A YEAR, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

New Series---Vol. 2. No. 46---- HILLSBOROUGH, N. C., NOVEMBER 30. 1870. ---Old Series, Vol. 50

N. M. WILSON & CO.,
Commission Merchants,

13 and Cary Streets, Opposite Tobacco Exchange.

RICHMOND, VA.

SOLICIT consignments of Tobacco, wheat, flour Corn, and Country Produce generally. Strict personal attention given to all sales and prompt returns rendered. On hand a full supply of Bags for grain. We are prepared to make liberal advances in cash. Fertilizers or Merchandise on the faith of shipments, on consultation.

Thankful for the past liberality of our friends we hope to deserve a fair portion of their patronage. We will remit to our friends currency by Express, or Check, Payable in Danville, as desired.

REFER TO.—Calvin Graves Esq., Caswell, N. C. Col Wm. Martin, Esq, Johnston & Ficklen, Bankers, Danville, Va. J. J. Pritchett, Pittsylvania county, Va. Dr. Wm. M. Carrington and S C Edmunds, Halifax county, Va. Col J W Cunningham, Person, N. C.

March 24. 10—6m

1870. FALL STOCK 1870.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, Iron &c.

DANVILLE, VA.

OUR increased business induced us to purchase on a large scale this season, and we can offer now a splendid stock recently brought by one of the firm in New York for CASH and to which we will make weekly additions.

We ask special attention to our Stock of

Axes, Mattocks, Spades, Shovels, Trace Chains, Locks, Anvils, Bellows, Vices, Stocks, Dies, Saws, Chisels, Planes, Rules, Hatchets, Drawing Knives, Hammers, Squares, Brace and Bits, Carriage Material, Window Glass, Rope, Horse and Mule shoes. Grind'stones & Fixtures, Table & Pocket Knives, House furnishing Goods, Iron, of kinds, Narlors Cast and Shear Steel, &c. &c. &c.

Call and see us.

HICKEY & SUBLETT,

Sept. 1870. Danville Va.

C! C! C!

44 Pieces of White CHINA—

A full set for $7.

4 Prs. GLASS set, pretty and clear 75 cents; Goblets at $1 per dozen, and all other goods, Glass, China and Crockery at similar prices by

D. HUMPHREYS,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

China & Glass,

No 14, Main st., NORTH SIDE.

Heavy discount to Dealers. sep 20—3m

Hay Wantd!!!

AS soon as it is well cured.

E H POGUE.

RAGS Wanted at POGUE'S

CHOICE Family Flour, Groceries, Bacon and Lard at POGUE'S

SHOES and Hats and many desirable goods very cheap at POGUE'S

JUST RECEIVED AT

THE DRUG STORE

A FULL and complete stock of pure Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, which will be sold at reasonable prices for cash.

For Medicinal Purposes only:

Pure Rye Whiskey,
" French Brandy,
" Scoth Ale, in bottles,
" London Porter,
" Port Wine,
" Madeira Wine,
" Schiedam Schnapps,
" Hostetter's Bitters,
" Plantation Bitters,
" Hall's Sarsaparilla,
Congress Water, &c., &c.

JAMES Y. WHITTED.

Hillsboro', May 2nd, 1870 tf

Come to Pogue's

With your Dried Fruit, Hay,

Beeswax and Rags,
Butter and Eggs,
Greenbacks, Gold and Silver,

and you will find a well selected stock of General Merchandize, such as you need, and at the lowest market rates.

MY GOODS ARE ALL NEW!

and were bought low. I will pay you for all you have to sell, and especially for

DRIED FRUIT,

as much as any body, and pledge myself to sell Goods as low as the lowest. My stock consists in part of

SHOES

for Men, Women, Boys and Girls, a full line and especially a good supply of large sizes. Also

Ready-Made Clothing.

Satinets,
Kentucky Jeans,
Rock Island Jeans,
Calicoes and Delaines,
Cotton Yarns, Sheetings,
Sugar, Coffee,

and a full assortment of GROCERIES. Hats for men and Boys; a beautiful Lot of

LADIES' HATS,

most elegantly trimmed; Kerosene and Tanners Oils,

Leather,

Shoe Pegs, Lamps and chimneys, Crockery and Glassware, Manufactured Tobacco and Snuff. (Starr's Mill keep

TIN WARE

for the wholesale and retail trade and good line of of first class

COOKING STOVES

and low priced Heating Stoves. I ask a trial from all and hope to give satisfaction by treating all who may patronize me right.

E. H POGUE.

Hillsboro', Aug. 24, 1870. tf

100 SACKS LIVERPOOL SALT to arrive at E HPOGUE'S.

sept. 14.

Hides, Leather, Collars.

I will continue to Tan Hides on shares. Also wish to buy Hides which pay Leather, Collars, or cash. Orders from a distance accompanied by cash will be filled, for leather or collars. My address is Hillsborough, N. C. T FORREST.

Sept 27.

J. D. WILSON. W. E. WILSON.

J. D. WILSON & SON

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

Dealers in all Kinds of Country Produce,

GROCERIES, Confectioneries, Notions, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Toys, Oysters, Sardines, Pickles, Spices, Ginger, Cloves, Mustard, Flavoring Extracts, Soaps &c., return thanks to the farmers of the county for their liberal patronage they have given them, and to the citizens generally for the interest manifested in their welfare. They promise that nothing shall be left undone in the future to accommodate all who may patronize them. Their Goods are FRESH and as good as can be had in any market. They do not profess to UNDERSELL any one. Their customers however will not find them *soulless* but liberal in all their dealings. As commission merchants they are laboring especially for the benefit of farmers. MONEY for PRODUCE is better than BARTER. Think of it, Farmer;

The LADIES are respectfully invited to call and examine the stock. Their terms are low for cash and cash only. In the Commission business they refer to

C M Latimer, Geo Laws, Peter B Ruffin, H K Nash and their customers generally Nov. 1st

J. F. HELLEN,

COMMERCIAL BROKER,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENT FOR

Raleigh Manufacturing Co's. Cotton Yarns, Shirting, Sheetings, Ginghams, &c.,

☞ Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of all kinds of Merchandise.

☞ Orders solicted for the purchase of Corn.

Apr 12th 1870.

MRS. OETTINGER,
FASHIONABLE MILLINER

and dealer in

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, ORNAMENTS

No. 48, Fayetteville street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

EVERY thing usually found in a first-class Millinery Establisment constantly on hand.

☞ Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention. Oct 22 40 tf

POCKET KNIVES

A fine Assortment at the Drug Store.

BRUSHES.

HAIR and Tooth Brushes at the Drug Store.

SOAP.

Each cake.

DENTAL NOTICE!

Dr. D. A. ROBERTSON,

WOULD respectfully return his thanks to the citizens of Orange county for their liberal patronage for the last 13 years. He can always be found at his Office opposite Dr. E. Strudwick's, except when professionally absent. He will visit Chapel Hill the first and 3rd Mondays in each month. Feb. 18

TO BE FOUND AT

O. Hooker's Drug Store.

TO be found at O. Hooker's Drug Store.

Peruvian Bitters,
Oriental do
Hostetter's Bitters,
Vinegar Bitters,
Baking Powders;
Gelatin Chlorate of Potassa Tablets,
(For sore throat and mouth)
Carbolic Salve,
(For wounds or disease of skin)
Grass Ointment;
Tutt's, Davis', & Ayers'
Pills; Darby's Fluid, a
good deservedly popular remedy. A full supply for all other Drugs. O. HOOKER.

June 1st

1870!

MONEY SAVED,

IN

Money Made!!

PRODUCE only wanted at Wholesale prices at Retail price.

HENRY N. BROWN.

Hillsboro' sep 25th, 1870. no 1

Crockery, Glassware &c.

KELLOGG & GIBSON,

IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

China, Gla's, Earthenware

AND HOUSE

FURNISH'NG GOODS

WE have now in store of our own importation, and purchased direct from the manufacturers, the largest and most complete stock of Goods in our line that has been offered in this city since the war. Rich Decorated, Gold Band and *White French China, Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Fine Cut, Pressed and Common Glassware, Lamps and Fixtures, Looking Glasses Silver-Plated Goods of best quality Fine Table Cutlery, Block Tin and Japanned Ware, Patent Ice Pitchers, Fruit Jars, Stoneware,* at manufacturers' prices, &c., with every variety of Common Goods, suitable for the country trade.

We guarantee to sell goods as low as they are sold by any repacking house in this country. Country dealers will save money by giving us their orders. Before you purchase call and see.

KELLOGG & GIBSON,

Oct 12 6m. 1207 Main st., Richmond, Va.

FARM-YARD SCRAPS.

SORES ON HORSES.

A Kansas correspondent of the "Rural World" writes: I will give you an infallible remedy for galls and sores of all kinds on horses, including what is generally called scratches. Two ounces extract of lead, two ounces spirits of wine, one ounce sal ammoniac, half ounce white vitrol, four ounces soft water; mix, dissolve, and wash three or four times a day.

FEED HAY CAREFULLY.

There are hundreds of tons of hay lost every winter among farmers by careless feeding. We have been astonished sometimes when witnessing the amount wasted around barnyards and stacks. This waste is entirely unnecessary, and if it was made the rule of every farmer never to feed any kind of stock upon the ground, thousands of dollars might be saved annually. There are times, to be sure, when the earth is frozen dry and clean, but, if racks are not provided, full one half of the time the hay will be dealt out either in wet snow or mud, and a good portion lost.

Portable racks should be used around stacks, and their location changed every day; the racks should be so constructed that the stock can get at their feed handily, and at the same time made so that the hay cannot be pulled out and trampled under foot.—*Pom. Dem.*

KILLING SASSAFRAS AND PERSIMMON.

W. S. Walker, Kent Co., Md., says: "Cut them off just below the surface of the ground and apply a small handful of salt to each. I have killed thousands in this way. Do not attempt to grub them up, as you separate the roots, and hence do not get the salt into the general circulation, which you will do by cutting them just below the surface. My plan is to arm every man with a grubbing hoe and a bag of salt, and make him apply the salt to each plant as he cuts it off."

Joel A. Burton, Mitchell, Ind., writes; 'Say to J. A. M. R., of Georgia, top his Persimmons 3 or 4 feet from the ground, about the middle of June, at the same time removing all the laterals. Then rub off the sprouts as often as they are 4 inches long. None of them will live over two summers. I have tried this treatment and know it to be effectual.'—*Amer. Ag.*

CROPPING ORCHARDS.

It is stated in an exchange, to show that grain crops may be sown with propriety in apple orchards, that a young plantation of Rhode Island Greenings is sown every alternate autumn with winter wheat, of which it yields twenty-five bushels per acre; the intermediate years being barley, peas, beans or corn, always yielding good crops. But the whole story must be told. Every fall, all the manure made during the year is put on the ground to be plowed under. In addition to this, the trees are annually scrubbed with wood ashes and lime, and a symmetrical form maintained by necessary pruning. The heavy manuring doubtless more than compensates for the exhaustion by the wheat; and the hoed crops of beans and corn keep the ground fresh and mellow. The trees are said, to be very thrifty and productive. Without the manure and ashes it would be hard to keep any orchard in good condition with annual sowed crops, except on a soil of great natural fertility. An intervening crop of clover, plowed under, would assist in the partial absence of manure. The amount of the grain crops would depend much on the small size and distance of the trees apart.

YOUNG FRUIT TREES.

The most vital period in the life of a fruit tree is during the first, three years of its youth. It is then only when it can be properly trained, easily managed and well protected. If—as many undoubtedly are—they are crammed hastily into small holes dug in hard soil, left without manure, permitted to be overrun with grass and weeds, or, still worse, the ground persistently cropped with grain, is it all surprising so many fruit trees fail, and so many orchards are utterly starved? Treatment like this is nothing but throwing away capital, with absolutely no prospect of returns. If, on the other hand, a few trees are well planted, in good, deep, rich soil, well pruned yearly, and kept clear of insects and worms, it takes but a few years to bring them into productive condition, and ten trees well cared for will yield five fold more than one hundred indifferently planted. The contrast between thrifty and unthrifty trees stares us everywhere we go. We are astonished after all the exhortations of the press to cultivators 'to take care of their fruit trees,' to see how little heed the great mass give to it. Young trees must be well treated. Plant less, rather than more; always manure highly, and once each year examine the trunk and bark for worms. Precautions like these, demanding only a few moments time to each tree, are the Alpha and Omega of successful fruit culture. Care for your trees as well as for your children, and it will never be said of you,

"He planted for his heirs,"

for your own hands will pluck the fruit that never would have come if the trees had been left to themselves.—*Horticulturist.*

Young trees are much better than old ones, they will bear much earlier than older ones, and are not half so apt to die. A two year old tree is to be preferred in all cases.

SPEECH
OF
SENATOR WILLIAM A. SMITH,
OF ALAMANCE,

In defence of his title to a seat in the Senate of North Carolina. Nov. 22nd, 1870.

[Reported expressly for the Standard.]

MR. PRESIDENT:—Objection has been made to receiving my credentials as Senator from Alamance and Guilford. The Constitution of the State of North-Carolina declares that Guilford and Alamance shall elect two Senators, and that these two counties shall, together, constitute the 26th Senatorial district of North Carolina.

An election was held, sir, and I hold a certificate of election from the Sheriffs of Guilford and Alamance certifying that W. A. Smith and John A. Gilmer were elected from that district—not from Alamance County—but from the 26th district of North Carolina; that W. A. Smith and John A. Gilmer received a majority of the votes cast. My friend Gilmer was, I believe, elected by 17 majority, while I was elected by 317 majority—two hundred votes over Mr. Gilmer. I offered his credentials; they were accepted without any objection. But when mine was offered objection was made.

Objection is made on the ground that an armed force in Alamance County, and that the deterred and driven from the polls. Am I to be responsible for the existence of this militia? Must this objection be made to my credentials, and this attempt be made to throttle me simply because I was so unfortunate as to be in Alamance County when the militia was there? Had I been in command of the militia, and a candidate then sir, you ought not to allow me to take my seat. But I was no officer, not even a private; simply a citizen; a candidate for a Senatorship from that district.

I had much right to expect that those who were arrested by the militia would vote for me, and more, than the man who contested my seat. Did I get up and explain? No, sir, I would have died first. He went in as a Ku Klux, and when he got scared, came out and swore against them. For that reason, sir, there are not 200 men in Alamance and Guilford who would vote for him to day it there was an election. My colleague here would not vote for him in preference to me. The truth is, sir, I received one hundred votes more than my party—more than Mr. Welker, an able and popular man. The party leaders in Alamance voted for me in preference to Mr. Moore. The returns show, sir, that I was elected by the Conservatives of Alamance. If there was intimidation there, why did my friend Gilmer receive a hundred votes more than Mr. Moore. Mr. Gilmer made but one speech in the County and received a hundred votes more than Dr. Moore, who stumped the whole County. The first choice of the people of Alamance was Gilmer and Smith. They voted for us, regardless of party ties. Nineteen Republicans voted for Mr. Gilmer at one precinct, and at that precinct I received the same number of Democratic votes. There was a sort of a bargain about it, I believe. They proposed among themselves that if nineteen Republicans would vote for Mr. Gilmer, nineteen Democrats would vote for Mr. Smith. And that saved his election, sir! Was there any intimidation in this? It seems strange that people were intimidated from voting for Dr. Moore, while all the people on the same side voted for Mr. Gilmer.

I am one of the most innocent men in North Carolina, so far as that is concerned. There is no Ku Klux in Alamance that has anything against me.

A SENATOR.—Does the gentleman know that there are any Ku Klux in Alamance?

MR. SMITH.—I believe, sir there are no Ku Klux there who call themselves by that name. But I don't want to commit myself too far on that at present. I have been charged with being a Ku Klux myself.

I would remark here, that it is hard. The last Legislature accused me of being a Ku Klux, and had me up on trial for not being true and faithful to their side of the question. And now, when I go before the people, and get the biggest majority any man ever received in Alamance County, it is hard to have the other side against me. I would like to know where I belong—where it is Billy Smith stands. I ought to have friends somewhere! In the last campaign, I always commenced right where friend Gilmer and Dr. Moore left off, and assented to all they said, and only asked permission to have my little say in explanation of my views. If I got more votes than either of them, they ought not to pitch into me about that.

But, sir, if my election is void because there were militia in Alamance county, then my friend Gilmer's election is certainly void for the same reason. Guilford county cannot elect a Senator by itself, nor Alamance county itself. If my election is void, Mr. Gilmer's is void.

You must acknowledge that the county of Alamance was in a state of insurrection if you declare my seat vacant. Are you prepared to do that? If you refuse me my seat, you acknowledge that the county of Alamance was in a state of insurrection, and that the election must go back to the people of Alamance. This seems plain to me.

Dr. Moore states, in his address of yesterday, that there were 400 voters who did not go to the polls in Alamance county. He gives me notice here that 100 votes illegally given in Alamance county, and 100 in Guilford. Here there is a contradiction. He puts in over 400 in order to defeat my majority, but gives me notice of 100 in Guilford and 100 in Alamance.

A man, sir, comes here and contests my election, and I doubt whether he is a resident of North Carolina. He went away from the State and was gone several months, and all his friends thought he was gone for good. But he comes here just before the meeting of the legislature and contests my seat. However, I admit there is no point in this case.

A Senator yesterday morning made the remark that the reason Smith was that he was Now. I would like to the right side. on it. I am the you ever saw.

I am not used to addressing deliberative bodies. I am no lawyer, but I presume that there are good lawyers here. I appeal to them. If I am not legally entitled to my seat, I don't want it, and hope the Senate will refuse to allow me to qualify. I repeat, if I am not legally entitled to my seat, I will not accept it. If Senators will give it as their opinion that I am not entitled to my seat, I will write my resignation and send it to the presiding officer. I don't come here begging for a seat. I expect to live in North-Carolina for the balance of my life, and I don't want to do anything like pushing myself into the Legislature. I want to take my seat like a man, and I will not accept it on any other condition.

The Anderson Murder.

IN PITTSYLVANIA COUNTY, VA.

Sometime ago Joseph Anderson, an old gentleman keeping a store in Pittsylvania county, was brutally murdered in the dead of night, and some strange tales made up by worthless detectives and irresponsible "chatty" persons implicated a respectable and worthy family in that county. But new developements by the unerring hand of justice have since been made, and a negro named Kit Hubbard, was hung as one of the parties to the murder last Friday, the 25th. The Chatham *Tribune* gives the following interesting particulars:

Kit relied mainly for his defence on proving an *alibi*, and failed entirely to sustain it. A singular and strong circumstance which contributed to establish his guilt was the fact, that the party charged with being his accomplice, and who was proved to have been in company with at the times beforementioned, and to have accompanied him to Lynchburg, succeeded in making his escape from the officers when Kit was arrested, and was not captured until a few weeks ago. This man, John Jackson, is now confined in the Jail of this county, charged with the same horrible crime. The trial of Hubbard occupied several days; not less than forty witnesses were examined; the case was argued at great length, but the Jury arrived at their verdict in a few minutes after their retirement. Kit asserted his innocence until a short time after sentence of the law had been pronounced upon him, when he pretended to make a confession, by which he attempted to implicate two white citizens of this county of high respectability, alleging that he and Jackson were employed by these men to watch while they accomplished the murder of Mr. Anderson. This confession was wholly at variance with the testimony, with common sense, and with reason, and was regarded by all who heard it as a made up tale, conceived in the hope of saving himself by implicating others. But in a few days afterwards, finding that this effort and that all efforts to secure a release from the death sentence were hopeless, he voluntarily called in his counsel, the Commonwealth's Attorney and another gentleman, and made, as he stated, in view of the solemn ordeal through which he was soon to pass, a full and truthful confession of his guilt, acknowledging that the evidence given against him on the trial was, in the main, correct; that no other persons than himself and John Jackson were guilty of the murder; that their object was money; that they succeeded in inducing Mr. Anderson to open his door on the pretence that they wanted to purchase cakes; that when the door was opened, the old man was stricken down by the heavy billet of wood before described, and considering him dead, the work of robbing the money drawer was commenced, that while getting the money, Mr. A. crawled out into the porch and leaning upon the railing asked, "Who is that? who is that?" to which Jackson, in mockery, replied, "Who are you?" and with the billet of wood and a heavy stone, he was mangled to death, his body removed into the store room, and the door pulled to; after which, by a forced march, Kit and Jackson made their way to Lynchburg, arriving in that city late in the evening of July 5th.

Kit Hubbard is a native of this county, was formerly a slave, is about 35 years of age, mulatto color, stoutly built, has a bold expression about his face and sustains the character of a desperado. From his statement he has been connected with a band of desperadoes, whose plans to perpetrate other murders have several times been thwarted. During the early part of his confinement and up to the day on which he heard the sentence of death passed upon him, he bore himself with singular composure. He is even now, as we learn, resigned to his awful destiny and acknowledges the justice of the penalty which awaits him.

Singular Death of an Indian, His Squaw and his Dog.

From the Sioux City Times.

We learn the following interesting particulars of the death of the noted Indian farmer [illegible] and his wife and dog, [illegible] Sully, Gen. Bannister, who has just returned from the upper country:

Yellow Hawk was a shrewd old Indian, who abandoned his native mode of life [illegible] extended and gone to farming on [illegible] river country. By his industry and economy he accumulated wealth enough to purchase a horse and cart with which he has been in the habit for the past few years of traversing the country and disposing of the products of this farm to the different posts and forts within his reach. He always carried with him a canvas tent, which he would pitch whenever he saw an approaching storm.

About three [illegible] Gen. Sully [illegible] in it old Yellow [illegible] ghost. On the day follo[illegible] men happened to [illegible] canvas tent pitched upon the [illegible] were no signs of life about it. [illegible] ed the canvas door and [illegible] Those, in one end of the tent, [illegible] erect and rigid as a statue, with his eyes wide open, and one hand firmly grasping a dog's neck, and the dog standing on his fore legs and partly sitting on his haunches, staring wildly in the same direction as his master, while on the other side of the dog was the wife of Yellow Hawk, resting upon her elbow on the ground, and staring in the same direction that the other occupants of the tent were gazing. The man was inexpressibly terrified by the spectacle, and his first impulse was to run, but there was something so vividly strange in their eyes and in the general expression of their features that he was bound to the spot. Not a muscle of their faces moved and they held their positions like statues—they were dead.

The balance of the party were attracted to the tent by the prolonged absence of their comrade, and they saw the scene above described. They left the tent without disturbing the attitude of the dead, and went to Sully and reported their discovery. A party of soldiers immediately repaired to the spot, and found them still in the same position. It is presumed they were killed by lightning during the storm of the previous night, still there was no evidence that their death was caused in this manner. Their features bore an expression of intense fear, but there was no signs of the lightning's work about them, or about the tent. They were buried on the spot where they were found by the Indians.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—An important discovery has just been made in dentistry, that teeth may be extracted and then again replanted. It has been found that in cases of inflammation about the roots of a tooth, the latter may be taken out scraped and cleaned, reinserted, and made to do duty again. The method of procedure is to remove the deceased tooth; clean out its cavities, filling them up after cleaning with carbolic acid, with cotton wool impregnated with the same; next to scrape the fangs, but preserving the mucus membrane about the neck; and, after bathing in a solution of carbolic acid, return to its place. The London *Lancet* says, in speaking of the process: "Mr. Lyons carried this out in fourteen cases for Mr. Boleman, with success, in the case of bicuspids and molars, no mechanical appliances being used to keep the teeth supported until they had become firm.

TASTE NOT.—Drunk! Young man, did you ever stop to think how terrible that word sounds? Did you ever think what misery you brought upon your friends, when you degraded your manhood by getting drunk. Drunk! how the word rings in the ear of a loving wife. How it makes the heart of a mother bleed. How it crushes the hopes of a father, and brings shame and reproach upon sisters. Drunk! see him as he leans against the corner of some friendly house. He stands ready to fall into the jaws of hell, unconscious as to his approaching fate. The wife, with aching heart sits at the window to hear her husband's foot-steps, but they come not. He is drunk! He is spending the means of support for liquor, while his family is starving for bread, his children for clothing. Drunk! His reputation is going, gone! His friends, one by one, are leaving him to his fate. He goes down to his grave "unhonored and unwept."

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY,...NOV. 30, 1870.

☞ Paris eats Sparrows at ten cents each.

☞ In Savannah, Ga., is a monument 50 feet high to the patriot Pulaski.

☞ Gov. Holden has ordered a new Election in Caswell on the 24th December.

☞ An old negro named Banks was burnt to death near Weldon a few days ago.

☞ California is building horse cars on a new plan—the horse covered by the roof.

☞ A Kentucky farmer has produced a pumpkin weighing 135 pounds, and seven feet in circumference.

☞ There are more mulattoes in the North in proportion to population than in the South. Stick a pin here!

☞ Some ruffians at Evansville, Ind., recently indulged in the fiendish sport of cutting the tongues out of live cows.

☞ Nilsson and Miss Cary sang in the service of the Swedish Church at North Bridgewater, Mass., on Sunday last.

☞ General Lee and George Washington were both born in the county of Westmorland and each married a Curtis.

☞ The Georgia election is three days before Christmas and the Conservatives say they will carry the State by 30,000 majority.

☞ The Norfolk *Journal* says that Fanny Hines—who was most brutally shot down—still lives with the ball in her brains. She converses freely and is repentant of her past life.

☞ Gen. Mahone is President of the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad with a salary of $6,000 also President of Norfolk and Petersburg Road with a salary of $6000 also of the Southside Road with salary of $3,000, and also the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad with salary of $3,000. And in addition to this he is president of the Virginia and Kentucky Road and superintendent of one or two of these roads. So says the Norfolk *Journal*.

A Bit of Church Scandal.

Rev. Geo. Richards of the Congregational church of Bridgeport, Conn., being arraigned for improper liberties with some of the sisters, confessed up, and promising to sin no more in that way, was allowed to go unpunished. But a couple of refractory brothers continued to talk about the scandal, whereupon they were arraigned and excommunicated. Let that brother alone!

Rats as food for the Parisians.

The principal supply of rats is obtained from the sewers of Paris. Jars containing glacos syrup are placed in these sewers. Of this syrup the rats are very fond, and in their eagerness to get it plunge headlong into the jars and are caught like flies in molasses. The person who is on the watch then seizes them, wrings their necks, and soon afterwards they are made ready for the stewpan.

Talking Dutch—A Fashion.

The French has long been the polite language of this country. But in Germany they are making vigorous efforts to interdict this fashion. They say the dutch must be the parlor *parlance*. Certain ladies of Berlin have formed a society, which meets for the purpose of making lint, and they have begun a custom of fining every member who uses French phrases three cents a word! And they turn over the amount for the benefit of the wounded.

At the very first meeting three thalers were exacted in fines. It was done principally because the ladies couldn't remember in addressing each other to use the plain and honest German "Fran," instead of the French "Madame."

So all our young ladies and gallant messieurs will have to go to school again and learn to talk Dutch.

Dat es'sh sho.

Gentlemen: Can you tell an old Rebel soldier who fought through the late war & carries lead enough in his carcass to make half a dozen spoons, how many men in our Legislature carried the musket? And how many dodged the battle-field after getting up the war and promising to wade "knee deep in blood," if we got into a fight?

A CRIPPLE FOR LIFE.

☞ Crippled friend, we are not prepared just now to give you an answer. But don't say any more about it, as men who caught the balls are not half as popular as those who hid behind fifteen niggers or dodged behind physical disabilities; and if you carry a ball in your stomach you have few sympathisers among latter day (political) saints, who are composed of men that smelt precious little gun-powder. We will however investigate our Legislature and give "Cripple" the war status of each 'patriot' there assembled. EDS.

POLICY OF THE OPPOSITION.

From the Louisville Courier Journal.

The Radicals have possession of nearly all the Northern States. They have the Senate of the United States. They have the House of Representatives. They have the Supreme court. They have the President. They have an election law by which whole States may be disfranchised. They have the counting of the electoral vote, and, if suffered to run at will undivided and undismayed, they have the disposition to employ their power to its fullest limit, by force or by fraud, trusting the issue to the Supreme court, which they control, and, at the worst, to the army and navy, which obey their orders.

The man who does not see and admit the danger, can see nothing, and is not a capable judge of affairs.

There is but one hope of upsetting this formidable combination of organized power, and that is to divide it within itself. Hence it is the most obvious interest of the Democratic party, being in a minority, not only to encourage the division of the enemy, but to shape its own course so liberally as to absorb those moderate elements which have been hitherto cast against it.

☞ The head of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* is well balanced, but if it does not mind its P's and Q's some of our North-Carolina conservatives (so-called) who claim to be "dictators," will charge it with being "radical." The views of the *Courer-Journal* (one of the ablest journals in the United States, and conservative to the core,) are precisely the views we have taken of the political situation from the time North Carolina adopted the reconstruction measures of Congress and resistance to their enforcement became "dem-phoolism."—We clearly saw that the Radical party had us down—with heels upon our neck—and that the only way in the world to "turn the tables" on them was (not by cursing and abusing everybody that voted with the Rads. for these measures as villains and thieves, but) by pursuing a course that would array the anti-radical Republican against the Radical, and by this means split the most powerful and formidable party that ever wielded the scepter of tyranny and oppression. Believing in the policy of winning from the radical ranks all anti-radical republicans and turning them against the rads., we so shaped our course. And right here give us leave to tell extreme conservative gentlemen in North Carolina who are to-day basking their bones in the sunshine of power and, for aught we know, dissenting from the *Recorder*, that but for this policy they would to-day be flat on their backs with radical feet upon their necks. What gained the Conservative victory in this State? Listen, and [illegible] publican votes. The votes of men who affiliated with the radicals in adopting the reconstruction acts when we opposed them. We said to these men, you have carried your point; we no longer resist but yield and accept the situation: And now, gentlemen, we want all of you who are honest and who are opposed to "social equality" of the races—all who believe this a "white man's Government" and will stand by his color—to pitch in and oust this radical faction. They did it, and thereby the radical element sustained a Waterloo defeat. And but for this where would have been the Conservative party of North Carolina to-day? Listen: Precisely where it was when the Rads carried the State by 20,000 majority.

STRANGE!

The Holly Springs (Miss.) *Reporter* tells of a black-gum tree 4 miles from that town underneath the branches of which is witnessed a continual shower of rain even in the most cloudless weather. We might think this the same old "gum-tree" the love-sick swain chaunted in song inviting his 'ghal' to meet him under, if it was not recorded by the same paper that in the Mobile cemetary there is a certain grave upon which it perpetually rains. And at Aberdeen (continues the same paper,) they have a certain tree from *above* which this rain is always descending. The Editor further says he knows a myrtle tree in Holly Springs which every summer for many years has been an instance of this phenomenon to a partial extent, while the leaves were all green upon it. One particular branch of said myrtle, during a certain period of the summer, invariably shows a constant dripping, as of a shower, even in the dryest weather.

A cotemporary explains this phenomenon as clear as mud: It is caused (says he) by the sap ascending in trees after the leaves have fallen off from atmospheric causes. The little scars left by the falling leaves coats over with gum; the sap rises and collects under the coat, and by a *vis a tergo* action bursts the coating, and many of them at a time produce a very fine shower.

But, then, how about the shower that our friend says falls from *above* the tree when no cloud decks the horizon? Aye, there's the rub.

☞ The Rev. E. E. Cheevers of Waterford, N. Y., is the youngest minister on record. He is twenty years old and has been preaching six years.

THE HEATHEN AT OUR OWN DOORS.

The "heathen Chinee" (says the N. Y. *Commercial*,) have a barbarous punishment by which they keep a doomed man in the prolonged agony of wakefulness till he dies a slow death of horror. The heathen Hindoo of a devout frame of mind indulges in the gentle amusement of swinging in the balmy air of the Ganges or of Ceylon's favored isle—a hook being passed through his back, upon which he oscillates. To these heathen we send missionaries. At home we have heathen who enjoy the sport of the rat-pit. To these go the police, instigated by Mr. Bergh, and when Kit Burns and few dozen of the like-minded assailed to the Tombs the respectable portion of the community applaud. Other of our heathen indulge in the prize-ring, and bat and pound each other to a jelly, to the utter disgust of the virtuous and educated, who hear with joy of the arrest and punishment of these brutes.

Now let us go to the rink in 3d avenue, and see what has been going on there for a few days past. Here a man is put up as a "walkist," and surrounded by a bevy of learned doctors, who practice upon his sufferings with all the refined mercilessness of scientific analysis. To execute the task he has set out to perform he must be kept awake, and when after long hours of weary work he struggles along with closed eyes, one doctor comes to his side, and by brisk conversation "picks up" his man. His head is sponged, his limbs are rubbed. Every effort is made to keep life in him. But in all this there is not a little stimulant. So says the report. "He faced the work with a bright look of determination, pulled off his leggings, and taking a stout riding-whip commenced his walk *lashing his legs in the most unmerciful way till the* [illegible] *bleeding.*—The fearful whipping was [illegible] up a [illegible] applause of the audience, who [illegible] this exhibition as a [illegible] gladiatorial show, or a Spanish bull fight entranced over a bull fight. In fact, they enjoyed it as much as Kit Burns and his crowd did the 'rat fight' before the police came to interfere with their sport. "Wallace, at his request, ran behind him and *lashed his legs*, smashing the whip on them.' The "go" was out of him, says the reporter, and even this stimulus failed!

Then Wesson made a speech. Telling those who had bet on him to have no fears. He would soon do what he had promised. Our Hindoo, with the "crook in the back" is so foolish as to believe that afflicting the body purifies the soul. Wesson crucifies the flesh that his friends may win their bets. And the *Revs.* Drs. Tyng and Potter were there shouting encouragement to the 'brave fellows!' Good Lord!

THE LEGISLATURE

Ex-Gov. VANCE has been elected U. S. senator. ABBOT was his opponent, but his carpet-bag was too heavy. Well, VANCE will do first rate *if he can get in.* RANSOM (our choice for the reason that he had no disabilities to remove,) yields. VANCE will resign if not "taken in" in a given period. Will he be admitted? Not as long as Radicalism can keep him out. But be this as it may, hurra for Zeb! He didn't face shot and shell like RANSOM, but nevertheless hurra! and hurra for RANSOM as our next Governor.

They have agreed (we believe) to give the Public printing to the lowest bidder. That's right—exactly right—and we have almost a notion to put in a bid. Printing is our trade. We did not go into it to get a fat office. We think we could do the public printing 'as well as any other man'. But we'd see the Legislature in——Raleigh before we'd come before it as a "candidate." We are inclined to think letting it out to the lowest bidder all stuff. But *nous verrons.*

Apart from electing a U. S. Senator and chalking out business, but little has been done.

[BY REQUST.]

From the Raleigh Sentinel.

CASWELL COUNTY, Nov. 16, 1870.

Editor of the Sentinel:

SIR—In your issue of the Semi-Weekly *Sentinel* of Wednesday, the 26th of October, the following passage occurs in an article headed "overthrow of violence," viz: "Hon. Bedford Brown took upon himself to visit the President and inform him of the true condition of things. The truth, told by Mr. Brown, only aroused the anger of the President." On reading this article I was quite sure that you did not intend to convey the idea that I was a self-appointed agent in relation to the late state of things in the counties of Caswell and Alamance, or that I received personal discourtesy from the President, supposing the words in regard to myself to have been used in the haste of writing an editorial article. With this impression I decided not to call your attention to it. Since then, I understand, it has been regarded as susceptible of a different construction, which, I repeat, I am sure you did not intend, and hence, I consider it a simple act of justice to myself, to trouble you with a brief recital of the facts and circumstances connected with my visit to Washington, and some reflections connected with the subject matter thereof, and respectfully to ask the publication of this communication,

Soon after the commencement of the military outrages in the county of Alamance, and a few days before the then threatened outrages which afterwards occurred in Caswell, the Hon. Giles Mebane called upon me and said he had been in Alamance and conversed with a number of the citizens of Caswell also, and that a general wish was expressed that Governor Graham and myself should proceed to Washington and represent to the President the true condition of this portion of the country. A few days afterwards, at a very large meeting of citizens, at Yanceyville, this request was unanimously concurred in by the friends of peace and order. Kirk's troops having arrived the same day and having perpetrated the grossest outrages. In this state of things, I immediately prepared to leave for Washington, earnestly hoping to be joined by Gov. Graham, a gentleman whose high character and distinguished public service entitle him to so much weight, in any capacity he may be called to act, and much regretted, that imperative public duties prevented his co-operation. Having reached Washington late in the evening, and learning from the newspapers, that the President intended leaving next morning, I determined at once to call on him that night, which I did about eight o'clock, and being out of office hours, doubted if I would be received; my card, however was responded to favorably. After the usual salutations I opened the subject of my visit, which he listened to attentively and courteously, the conversation continuing for some time afterwards. I soon however, perceived that very erroneous impressions had been made on his mind, in regard to the true state of things in Caswell and Alamance, and that any effort to remove them would be unavailing. The particulars of this conversation I will not lengthen this communication by detailing. Sufficient to say, that there was a marked difference between my views of constitutional liberty and those of the President It is proper to add, that he consented to the request made through me by the citizens of Caswell, for the United States troops to remain, then stationed there; it was believed that they would be a protection to the people of the county, as it so resulted, and I will take the occasion to say, that their conduct was highly honorable and gentlemanly, leaving a very favorable impression on our citizens.

In connection with this subject, I will say, that much misrepresentation has gone abroad, in reference to the citizens of this county, regarding certain acts of violence committed some time since, in its limits. So far from having sanctioned them, they met with strong and most decided condemnation by the great mass of the citizens. For more than a half a century past, the Court records will compare favorably with any county in or out of the State—the county often having received complimentary notice from the Judges who presided over its Courts.

It is but a simple act of justice to myself and those most intimately associated with me [illegible] to say, that we have for years past, on all suitable occasions, in private conversations and public addresses declared for the observance of law and order and denounced lawlessness and all secret societies, having for their object a breach of the peace, as dangerous to society and republican government.

Again, in connection with this subject, I will further remark, that the suspension of that great writ of right, the *'habeas corpus,'* I regard as the most dangerous result of all others, on the liberty of the citizens. President Madison even during the war of 1812 with Great Britain, assailed by land and sea as we were by that formidable power aided by her Red Allies, with the threatened secession of the New England States and strong British sympathies in many of the States, North and South, did not call on Congress to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus.* The late gallant General Jessup, so distinguished in the Canada campaign, informed me that during the sitting of the Hartford Convention in 1814—the war then going on—he was confidentially despatched by Mr. Madison to observe their movements and if any overt act had been committed, that it was the purpose of President Madison to put the civil law against treason, in force and if it could not be enforced, then, to call the military in aid of it. Fortunately, no overt act was committed. This shows the views of one of our ablest and purest Statesmen. It is a power that I do not believe should be given to any Executive in any Constitution either in peace or war, except as applicable to those in the military service. While full vigor should be given to the federal government, yet too much centralization is dangerous and the reserved rights of the States should be respected. Our federal system, is the best ever devised by the wisdom of man, if properly carried out.

The noble and patriotic sentiments, which we learn from authentic sources, were uttered by the late eminently distinguished General Lee, recommending the cessation of sectional prejudices, the cultivation of a spirit of harmony and conciliation, saying that we should recollect that we are now one people and all Americans will, I most sincerely trust, greatly contribute to restore that good feeling between the sections of the union, so indispensable to their peace and happiness, and to the success of the great principle, that man is capable of self government.

Very respectfully and truly yours,

BEDFORD BROWN.

AT POGUE'S.

YOU will find a very full line of new and seasonable Goods to which he is making daily additions.

Thankful for past patronage and assistance he will give you the advantage of the Highest Price for Produce and the lowest possible prices for Goo s.

Best Prints 10cts.

I invite a trial from those who have not been dealing with me.

"The Lowest Prices and One Price to All."

E. H. POGUE

Hillsboro N. C.

nov 30 no 16.

Seeds, Seeds!

TO THE TRADE!

MYER & CO.,

No. 2, Howell's Block, Camden Street,

BALTIMORE,

Grocers and Importers

OF

GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS,

FRESH and reliable. Our Seed can be found at all the leading Drug Stores and Seed Dealers South. The trade will please send their orders in early to enable us to fill them promptly. Address as above.

Nov 30

SPECIAL NOTICE.

This Valuable Family Medicine has been widely and favorably known in our own and foreign countries upwards of

FOR THIRTY YEARS

Has that well-known, standard, and popular remedy,

PAIN KILLER,

manufactured by Perry Davis & Son, Providence, R. I., been before the public, and in that time has become known in all parts of the world, and been used by people of all nations.

"It remains, to day, that same good and efficient remedy. Its wonderful power in relieving the most severe pain has never been equalled, and it has earned its world-wide popularity by its intrinsic merit. No curative agent has had so wide-spread sale or given such universal satisfaction. The various ills for which the Pain Killer is an unfailing cure, are too well known to require recapitulation in this advertisement. As an external and internal medicine, the Pain Killer stands unrivaled. Directions accompany each bottle.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents, 50 cts. and $1 per bottle.

☞ HELP' AT HAND !! ☜

Try CEDAR GROVE with your

CASH & BARTER.

AND see if you don't count more dollars in your pocket.

The Partridge and Egg trade alone will support many a family who trade with ELLIS this winter. Thomasville Shoes, Holt's Yarn and Sheeting,

and many other Goods in this week, and a full supply to come in next week.

SEE TO IT BOYS!

That your traps are all set by December. The race for the boots will be tough through next month. Call for your tickets at once.

Nov. 25.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber having qualified as Executrix of JOHN TURNER, late Sheriff of Orange county, dec'd., on the 28th day of October, 1870 hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same to her or to Norwood and Webb her Attorneys on or before the 1st day of December 1871 duly authenticated, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. Debtors to the estate, especially those who owe taxes must make immediate payment.

LOUISA TURNER, Executrix

Nov. 30 '70. 6t. of John Turner, Sheriff.

EXCHANGE

WARREHOUSE,

MILTON N. C.

To the PLANTERS of Caswell, Person and adjoining Counties of North Carolina and Virginia:

WE, the undersigned, beg leave to inform the public that we will open a

New Warehouse

FOR THE SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO,

in the town of Milton, on the 15th of Dec next.

Our Warehouse is a large new building conveniently situated on Liberty Street near main.

Our sales-room is large (40 by 100 feet) sufficiently lighted, with Fairbanks improved scales for weighing.

We feel justified in saying that the planters will get as much or more money for their Tobacco, as our Warehouse Charges are less than elsewhere and we can handle Tobacco at a cheaper rate owing to the fact that rents are lower and our having a cheap water communication with the Richmond and Danville R. R.

We would respectfully invite the planters of this and adjoining counties to give us a trial feeling satisfied we will please them.

JOHN W LEWIS.

CALEB H. RICHMOND.

Milton N. C. Nov. 28th 1870.

CASH SYSTEM!!

CASH ON DELIVERY

TO

All Persons!

I hope you will not think yourself

EXCEPTED.

HENRY N. BROWN.

Nov. 16, 1870. tf

A PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency the Governor

OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

RALEIGH, Nov. 29, 1870.

THE Senate having on Saturday, the 26th instant, adopted a resolution declaring a vacancy to exist in the 24th Senatorial District, being the County of Caswell, and the same being duly certified to me by the Hon. Tod R. Caldwell, President of the Senate:

Now, therefore, I W. W. HOLDEN, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do issue this my proclamation, ordering an election to be held at the usual places of voting in the said 24th Senatorial District for the purpose of electing some suitable person to represent said District in the present General Assemly, on Saturday, the 24th day of December next; and that the result of said election be certified as the law directs.

Done at our City of Raleigh, this the 39th day of Nov. 1870, and in [L. S.] year of the Independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.

W. W. HOLDEN. Gov.

By the Governor:

J. B. NEATHERY, Private Secretary.

Nov. 30. 4t.

1000 BOOTS & SHOES!

Parks & Co.

Under President Filmore's Administration

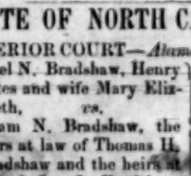
THE American people asked for nothing but was right.

Under President Grant's Administration

we, PARKS & CO., ask for nothing but what is right and the

Shoe and Leather Trade,

and do not expect to ask for anything more unless we are forced to do so. We give our entire attention to this branch of business and with our long experience in the Manufacturing of

BOOTS  & SHOES,

we feel confident we can give satisfaction in both merit and make work. We have just returned from the Northern Markets where we have been laying in our stock of

MATERIAL

Ladies Shoes,

Misses Shoes,

Childrens Shoes,

Gents Boots & Shoes,

of all grades, and we think a better quality than you will be able to find in this market. As to prices we say, come and look for yourselves; we know what we do know as well as any body. If we ask you $1 50 for a good Man's Shoe, and you can get the same Shoe elsewhere at $1 25 cents we do not expect you to buy from us. We are reasonable; we take pleasure in showing our stock. We call special attention to our stock of

Copper and Silver-tip Shoes.

And we have another lot of those Brass Bottom Boots. We have the largest stock of

Men's Boots

ever opened in this market. To save you the time and trouble of looking over our stock with the calculation of buying what you may want on time, we will say, you can't buy from us on time, certain and sure. We did have and have got some 30 day customers, but they will not do—they count too many hours to the day! We will say to them that our rule of counting is 12 hours to the day, and 30 days hath September, April, June and November. The secret of our good Shoes at such low prices is CASH DOWN!

We will exchange our good Boots and Shoes for Corn, Wheat, Oats, Flour, Hides, Pork, Bacon, just as low as we would for greenbacks, and always pay the market price.

To Shoemakers:

We know what you want in the way of Shoe Findings and Tools, and we have got them;

FRENCH CALF SKINS, all grades;

TOPPINGS, Linings, Pegs, Bristles, Gum, Boot Web, Galter Elastic, Round-head Tacks, Shoe Thread of all kinds; Shoe KR, from a Jigger to a set of Boot Trees, and the best Oak and Red Leather that any of the craft ever stuck an awl in. We return our thanks to the good people of Orange for past favors and we hope to merit a continuance.

PARKS & CO.

Hillsboro', Oct 31st, 1870.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

SUPERIOR COURT—*Alamance County*

Samuel N. Bradshaw, Henry Cates and wife Mary Elizabeth, vs. William N. Bradshaw, the heirs at law of Thomas H. Bradshaw and the heirs at law of Jas. L. Bradshaw. } *Petition for Partition.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the [illegible] the defendants in the above entitled action are non residents of this State, and that they are proper parties, to the said action for partition of real estate. It is ordered that publication be made in the Hillsboro Recorder, a newspaper published in the town of Hillsboro N. C. once a week for six successive weeks, commanding the said defendants to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for Alamance County on Thursday the 8th of December 1870, and plead answer or demur to the complaint, or judgment will be taken *pro confesso* against them. Witness W. A. Albright, Clerk of Superior Court Alamance County at office in Graham this 24th day of October 1870.

W. A. ALBRIGHT. C. S. C.

W. A. BERNARD, J. R. M'CULLY.

W. A. BERNARD & CO.

(At W. P. ROBINSON'S Old Stand)

MAIN STREET

DANVILLE, VA.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

IN

Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Woodenware, Tin-Ware, Queensware, &c.,

Keeps constantly on hand, a large assortment of

Wines and Liquors.

They keep also on hand, a large and well selected Stock of Staple Dry Goods, and all other articles usually kept in a first class Grocery House, which they are offering to their friends and the public generally, at prices unusually low.

☞ Country dealers wishing to replenish their Stock at short notice, cannot do better than to call on them.

Mr. C A Withers, formerly of Pittsylvania, C H Capt Cabell Hairston of Henry county.

Mr W T Biggs, late of Caswell.

Mr. W B Simmons, late of Clark & Co., are with us, and will be pleased to see and serve their friends. Call on us.

W. A. BERNARD & CO.

Oct 18. Danville, Va.

KOSKOO

THE GREAT

BLOOD AND LIVER MEDICINE

FOR

HUMORS IN THE BLOOD,

SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

RHEUMATISM,

KIDNEY AFFECTIONS,

SKIN DISEASES,

DEBILITY,

GENERAL BAD HEALTH, ETC.

WANTED,

10,000 feet Box Plank—white, post, red & black Oak.

Oct 26 J. Y. WHITTED.

40 Cents A Quart.

FRESH Oysters, just from Norfolk, can be had at my House for 40 cents a quart.

nov 30 1m. J. A. UTLEY.

PARTRIDGES WANTED!!!

BRring them alive at $ 1, 50 per dozen.

E. H. POGUE.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....NOV. 30. 1870.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

☞ Notwithstanding the finest crops of wheat and corn were made this year that run in the memory of man, bread is high—almost as high as it was when the crops proved a failure—while meat is on top of the house—about 25 cents a mouthful. In view of these extraordinary prices for the necessaries of life we shall be forced to advance the price of this paper next year unless Provisions, Groceries and Dry Goods in this market "roost" lower.

☞ Gentlemen indebted to this Office for printing Tickets will please settle. In future settling must come before printing.

☞ The pen with which we write subscription receipts having played out from *rust* in consequence of not exercising it, we have bought a new one.

☞ At the request of Hon. Bedford Brown, of Caswell, we copy his letter to the *Sentinel*. His head is balanced all right, and would that we had more statesmen like him.

PARTRIDGES.

We want the Legislature to protect these birds. We need them at home, but there is danger of trappers sending them all North. Let Northerners who want these birds come and settle among them. If we could help it not a Southern bird or oyster should be sent North, for the reason that they constitute inducements to bring Northerners South.

We are opposed, too, to catching these birds with Nets, by the wholesale. They are the finest birds the sportsmen of the South ever bagged, except the woodcock, which is now scarce, and if partridge exportation continues they will soon be as scarce as woodcocks.

Our friend, JOHN W. GRAHAM, in the Senate, will please introduce a bill to protect Partridges. But don't neglect our long neglected Rail Road.

THE ELECTION

On Saturday passed off quietly. We hear that a leading white radical of the town got tight on *Manning liquor* and, true to the "instincts" of the liquor, voted for Manning. That's a good one. Manning is probably elected. Had Seaton Gales been the conservative candidate his majority in Orange would have been double of Manning's who is totally unknown to our people, notwithstanding he has been a Government revenue officer, as we learn.

The vote stands—

	Manning,—J. W. Holden	
Orange, (official)	712 majority.	
Johnson "	615 "	
Chatham (unof.)	750 "	
Nash "	325 "	
Franklin,		9 maj.
Wake,		497 "
Granville,		2 "
Warren,		1,196 "
	2,402	1962
	1,962	
	440.	

The Prize Pianos.

The prize pianos at the Wilmington fair were exhibited by P. Heinsberger of that city. They were of the STIEFF Manufactory in Baltimore. These gentlemen took nine premiums at nine different fairs this fall. Over fourteen different makers.

Help the Widow.

Mrs. N. M. Norfleet of Richmond is keeping a boarding house for the support of herself and fatherless little ones. Mrs. Norfleet is an accomplished lady and her husband was well known in this State and was himself a North Carolinian. We can assure the transient travel of good treatment at the house of this cultured lady. We do hope she will get her share of North Carolina patronage, as she is struggling for herself and little ones independent of asking the charity of the world. The Richmond papers so true to the needy and helpless will confer a favor by calling attention to Mrs. Norfleet's house. She is found at 904 Broad Street between 9th and 10th.

Give her Work.

A fellow named Proctor has married a young girl in this place and run off and left her. She is begging work. She is a beautiful seamstress and a faithful one. Her condition is a pitiful one in more ways than one. Nobody but an old infirm mother who pays her pitiful earnings for rent of an old leaky house to help her along. This girl complains that she begs work and can't get it. If that's so we had better take up church collections for the poor and suffering at our own doors. Hadn't we?

NEW WAREHOUSE.

IN MILTON, N. C.

It gives us pleasure to call the attention of Planters to the new Tobacco Warehouse advertised in this paper by Messrs. Lewis and Richmond. This is a new building 40 X 100, if we mistake not, and it is to be run by the right men in the right place. Both of them are large Tobacco raisers, and as honest and clever men as ever broke a hoe-cake.

Capt. J. W. Lewis is one of the largest farmers on Dan River—a man who thoroughly understands raising Tobacco as well as manufacturing it, and a cleverer man lives not in the valley of the Dan.

The same may be said of Mr. Richmond, (if we pitch his fine plantation on the Dan instead of North Hyco.) He is the son of the lamented Caleb H. Richmond, who everybody knew to be one of the cleverest men on earth.

The Milton market is inferior to none, and we advise planters to give it a trial—they will not be worsted.

GREENSBORO.

The Methodist Episcopal Conference in Session.

(By our own Reporter.)

Saturday, the fourth day, was the busy day of conference. Dr. Closs opened services with prayer. Bishop Pierce in the chair. Question "10" was taken up: "What local preachers are elected deacons." Frank Sandford, of Robeson county, elected to deacon's orders. Question 10 was suspended and question "14" taken up: "What local preachers are elected elders." Isaac M. Shaver of East Rowan circuit elected to deacon's orders. Question 14 suspended. Credentials of J. W. Ellenford of the Neuse circuit deposited. Question 20 taken up: "Are all the preachers blameless in their life and official administration." The brethern of all the Districts passed and approved of on character administration.

A CARNAL MINDED PREACHER EXPELLED.

The following finding of the committee with a letter of appeal from the accused we submit to our readers:

GREENSBORO, Nov. 25th, 1870.

The committee to whom was referred the charge of immorality against Rev. J. J. Hines have most carefully tried the charge, and do unanimously find the charge sustained; in view of which finding, the chairman pronounced J. J. Hines expelled from the North Carolina Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and from membership in said church.

CHAS. F. DEEMS, *Chn*

J. B. CRAVEN, SEC.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Nov. 25th, 1870.

DR. C. F. DEEMS, Dear Sir: I hereby notify you that I appeal from the decision of your committee to the general Conference.

Yours truly,

J. J. HINES.

These specifications were signed by W. M. Sorrell and the witnesses were Mary Curtis, R. H. Jones, and A. F. Page. Mr. York of Chatham was Hines lawyer.

A FRATERNAL MESSENGER.

Rev. Cicero Harris, of Guilford, was then received as a messenger from the North Carolina conference representing the Methodist Protestant Church. Mr. Harris spoke of a union between the two churches; hoped the time would come when all that bear the Methodist name from the Penobscot to the Rio Grande would be one for the glory of God. He said the propositions made by the messengers of this conference when they were met in Montgomery laid just as it was; and to be candid, his conference felt that the proposition if accepted would tend to absorb the little branch of the church he represented in this State.

Bishop Pierce replied and assured Mr. Harris that they didn't want to absorb, that already one of his conferences had united with them; that now they had adopted lay delegations he thought all differences between them silenced; the arms of this conference were open and they intended nothing but to unite with them on a basis of absolute equality.

A BROTHER EDITOR IN TROUBLE.

The Rev. Mr. Moran of the Washington District took to task brother Bobbitt of the Raleigh Episcopal *Methodist* for saying of one of the brother's District Conferences that it was a "poor concern" and "the District was lean and languishing." Brother Moran said he reckoned brother Bobbitt was discouraged because he didn't get any more subscribers down there. He intended to joke him about that "little article" when he come to Conference.

Brother Bobbitt said he didn't remember using any such language. An editor wrote so many things he couldn't remember what he did say. Any way he couldn't be blamed for writing facts. Though he didn't mean any reflection on brother Moran's district. He got more subscribers there than he expected. Wished brother Moran had written to him he'd have made a private explanation.

Brother Moran didn't want a private explanation; certainly not, if no better than the one just made. He helped brother Bobbitt to get his subscribers;—*he* might have thought it was a big thing! (It was just a good natured little spat between the two, that caused much humor.)

BISHOP PIERCE.

The Bishop is an old man in a home-spun brown coat and he tucks his head and shrugs his shoulders in it. He is a plain looking and fat old country gentleman. But a man of fine sense and of remarkable piety. He is no mincer of words. Once when there was too much buz in the house he rapped the table and said: "there were too many sub conferences going on amongst the brethern." And again he rapped the table and said: "The ladies will excuse me, but I think they are contributing goodness to this disorder." A boy of Mr. Reid, a preacher, passed examination and was admitted into the Conference. The young man also had a grandfather present who is the veteran preacher of that Conference. This young man was splendidly recommended by those who knew him. Rev. Mr. Albea of Winston said "he was a better preacher than his father; and really I felt ashamed to preach myself; after hearing him preach."

The Bishop said—"I must congratulate this session of the Conference on being signalized by the fact that it has within its body a grandfather, a father, and a son!"

GOOD LOOKING.

There were about 125 ministers and 50 or 60 lay members. A fine looking body of men. And as intelligent as you can gather together so many men throughout the State. The Methodist Episcopal Conference of North Carolina will compare favorably with them all.

☞ [We had the most positive assurance of being furnished with the Appointments in time for this issue, but up to the moment of going to press we hear nothing from them. Next week they will be stale and uninteresting to our readers.]

The Church of the Strangers.

DR. DEEMS IN GREENSBOROUCH!

He and VANDERBILT, *of New York, have a chat—Mr.* VANDERBILT *gives him a Church.*

(From our own Correspondent.)

At the meeting of Conference in Greensboro Saturday Dr. Deems, of New York, asked leave to address the audience on the character and condition of his church in New York—the 'Church of the Strangers.' It was granted. The doctor said:

"The peculiarity, sir, of my church is one of the main reasons why I wish to tell this large audience something about it. I went to New York as agent for the Greensboro Female College soon after the war in December 1865. I commenced editing and publishing a newspaper out of my own pocket. I encountered a fearful storm of opposition from the people north, never entering their company but what the Anderson and the Salisbury prisons were thrown up to me. Every man and woman I visited to lay the plan for building and ask an endowment for the College wanted to know "if I ever visited the Salisbury prisons?" So I didn't succeed either in keeping up my paper or getting funds for the College. I sunk two thousand dollars the first year trying to put the paper on a sound basis. I tell you, my friends, I never so suffered poverty as I did in New York. It is the only place I ever saw a child of mine get up from the table and not have enough to eat. One Sunday I had been over to Jersey city to lecture to a Young Mens Christian Association and as I came on home and had stepped in the ferry boat a lady followed me. She had heard me preach in Greensboro. She followed me in the boat and said to me:

"PREACH THE GOSPEL."

I told her my circumstances, and that I had no where to preach, and all. But—and she said, (I give her very words, 'No odds about it; begin to preach in an attic—begin in a cellar—begin in a tub!—I feel it in my bones! you are called to preach here, in New York!"

I thought over what she said, and the next day I determined, come what may, I would find some place to preach. I went up to the Old University and asked the janitor if there wasn't a room there I could rent? He looked at me and measured me over and wanted to know what I wanted a room for? I told him to preach in! He said he had no room that would suit me for that. This implied that he had some sort of a place, and I asked him to show me what kind of a room I could get. He took me in a small chapel and I asked him what he would rent it for? He said $25 a month. I told him I would take it, and went home and enclosed him a month's rent in advance. I then put a notice in the New York *Herald* that I would preach in the Chapel University the next Sunday. I had sixteen persons that Sunday to hear me, and ten of them were from my own family. The next Sunday I had thirty; and the next a good congregation—an so-on they continued to increase till I had frequently to stumble over them in getting to the pulpit.

But the place was too small for the crowd; and I was not able to pay the rent for the little Chapel any longer. What was I to do? The next Sunday I stated that I had preached there for a month or more, but I was not able to longer continue the services as it all came out of my own pocket.

A LONG, LEAN, LANK MAN,

Who was sitting away back, (he was a general in the confederate army,) rose to his feet and said:

"Is that the only reason you intend suspending the services?"

"I rather guess it is," said I, "as I'm pretty fond of preaching whenever I get a chance."

"Well, we can take up a collection and provide for that, I reckon," said he.

So they took it up and raised a plenty! But the crowd was getting too large for this little Chapel! What could I do?

About this time that good man and illustrious christian, Dr. Baker, died; and in his Chapel I continued my services.

Crowds flocked to me, and my church was crowded every service.

But while the congregation was increasing my paper was coming to grief. I corresponded with this conference and they told me by all means not to think of establishing a Southern Methodist Episcopal Church. And the Bishop here, who is a man of few words, wrote me: 'Stay where you are. God bless you, fraternally.

BISHOP PIERCE.'

One night, as I was going out of the church, a young man met me and said,

"Sir, I want to join your Church."

Said I, "My dear sir, I have no Church!"

He had pulled his certificate out of his pocket, and putting it back he said:

"I don't know what I shall do; I have been three months hunting a Church in this city to connect myself with, and at last I thought I had found it." The young man was from Chicago, and putting the paper back in his pocket he went on.

It set me to thinking. I didn't know what to do. The next morning I went down to a Bankers in the city where I was in the habit of writing my letters and as I got a sheet of paper from his desk he put his pen behind his ears and remarked,

"I want to talk to you."

Said I: "I thought you were too busy to talk to anybody; what is it you have with me?"

"We must have a Church of our own," he said.

"That's just what I was thinking of," I replied; "but how can we do it? Here we have Southern Methodists, Northern Methodists, Southern and Northern Presbyterians, Southern Baptists and Northern, Englishmen and Welchmen, and Dutch, attending the Church—what shall we call it?"

"That's so," said he, scratching his head with his pen—"Well, let's call it

"THE CHURCH OF THE LORD JESUS CHRIST."

I thought over it and drew up a paper embracing the codes of all the churches as to "what a church was." Expressly stipulated in one of the articles that the ecclesiastical status of the pastor or any lay member of the church shall not be affected thereby. This I submitted; and invited all who wished to join under this discipline to take communion with us the next Sunday. Many came; and the next Sunday many more. And now we have a hundred and seventy members. Fifty-one from New York; five from England; one from Wales; twenty-one presbyterians; thirty northern methodists; six congregationalists; four dutch reform; one lutheran; one independent; and fifty southern methodists. Beside the foreigners 63 are from the north and 91 from the south.

But I wanted a church.

A church came into market.

Mr. Kellogg had just left it and Dr. Booth said he would let me have it for ten thousand dollars less than anybody else. I thought once I would take it anyhow on three months time and trust to God to get the money. It was a presbyterian church and a magnificent one at that. A hundred feet in front and fifty in rear. In one square of Broadway and one of the New York Hotel. It will seat twelve hundred persons; the lecture room four hundred; besides a room for the sunday school; and a room for the "sisters of the strangers." It will be interesting I know to this audience to hear of the delicate manner in which

CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, OF NEW YORK,

made me a present of this elegant church. His father and mine were old friends. He loves my wife, and I love both of the ladies. One night I went over and found Mr. Vanderbilt and Dan'l Drew together. Mr. Drew talked awhile with me and then Mr Vanderbilt asked me some questions. As I got up to go Mr. Vanderbilt followed me to the door. "Come here, to-morrow night," said he. "Can't come," said I.

"Why not?"

"I've got to attend a prayer meeting."

"Come Thursday night, then?"

"Can't. Got to marry a couple."

"Friday night?"

"Can't. Got to meet some friends from the south."

"Come when you can, then," said he.

Sunday night I went. Mr. V. had company. I sat awhile and said "I thought you wanted to see me, Commodore, I will have to go now." He followed me to the door and asked me in a private room. We sat down by a table. After asking me a few questions, (I was in hopes he wanted me to talk with him on religion, as I was the only minister he permitted to talk with him on that subject,) he said:

"I will give you that church".

It nearly jerked me from my seat!

"I will give you that Church," repeated he.

Said I, looking him in the face, "Mr. Vanderbilt, I wouldn't be any man's Chaplain on the face of the earth."

He replied, "I've got no use for a chaplain.

"I thought to have," said I.

"I will give you that Church," said he.

"Mr. Vanderbilt," said I, you haven't got [illegible] enough to make me take my guns off from bearing on any sinner who pokes his head above the breastworks."

"That's what I like you for," said he.

"Well," said I, "if you'll settle the church on me to use unconditionally it's all right.

"I will do it," he said.

So the church is settled on me during my life time and at my death it passes into the hands of residuary trustees whom I'll appoint when I get back to continue on the same basis as the "Church of the Strangers."

PARKINSON'S

BAKERY

Danville, Va.,

Is The Place

TO GET YOUR

CHRISTMAS CAKES,

CANDIES, NUTS,

RAISINS, OR

ANYTHING ELSE

IN THAT LINE.

GO THERE!!

IF YOU WANT SOMETHING

Really Nice.

PARKINSON

Can fix a Cake

as well as Pizzini, Mazzini, Antonini, Paganini,

or any other ini!

All you have to do is to send in your orders.

The best Stick Candy, by the single pound, 25 cts.
Best assortment of French Candies 50 cents.
Nuts of all kinds 25 cents.
New Raisins by the whole, half or Quarter Box.

☞ Send in your order and it will be filled promptly by

JOSEPH PARKINSON,

Formerly a pupil of FRANKETELLI, Baker-in-chief to her Majesty the Queen of England

Danville, Va., Nov. 8, 1870 tf

NEW RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fall Trade.

HILL, BENTLEY & [illegible],

Commission Merchants,

No. 18 Pearl or 14th Street,

RICHMOND, VA.

SOLICIT consignments of Tobacco, Grain, Flour, Cotton, Bacon, &c. oct 19 3m.

WM. WALLACE SONS,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

AND

Gen'l Commission Merchants,

NO. 1213 Commercial Block, Cary St.,

RICHMOND, VA.

P. O. Box 28. oct 19 3m.

JOHN BOWERS,

Successors to

YALE, BOWERS & YALE,

Iron Front Building, Governor Street,

RICHMOND, VA.

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Stoves, Ranges and Hot Air Furnaces, House-Furnishing Goods, Gas Chandeliers, Fixtures and Shades, In great variety. Parlor Grates and Fenders. Pumps & Hydraulic Rams, All kinds and sizes of Lead Wrought Iron and Drain Pipes. *Roofing, Pumping, Gas and Steam Fitting.* Gas Works for lighting Dwellings, Public Buildings, &c. Work in his line executed in City or Country. oct 19 n29 3m.

JOHN H. TYLER, & Co.,

(SUCCESSORS TO)

MITCHELL & TYLER.

OFFER to their Southern customers the largest assortment of fine

WATCHES of their own importation ever exhibited in this section.

JEWELRY, SILVER, PLATED-WARE, AND DIAMONDS,

constantly receiving from finest factories of this country and Europe. Spectacles and eye Glasses of every description to suit all ages and eyes. *In this department with experienced Opticians we are not excelled.*

Our Watch repairing department which we regard as the most important in our business is in charge of Mr. J. L. Ege, with a corps of the finest workmen in this country. Before buying North allow us to sell you fine goods cheaper than they can be had for in any Northern city, as you will be convinced of by comparing. J. TYLER,

Oct 19 n29 3m. Richmond, Va.

FALL 1870!

T. R. Price & Co

1101 Main St. Richmond Va.

HAVE just opened the largest and most varied stock of Staple and

FANCY DRY GOODS

ever shown in the South to which the attention of our North Carolina friends is called.

None but best grade goods kept by us and no imposition practiced as regards quality or price.

ELEGANT STOCK

Ladies Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimers &c., &c. for Gents and Boys.

Housekeeping Goods of every kind, Blankets and Heavy Goods for servants, Hosiery, Shawls, immense supply of Calicos 10 12 15 &c.

At Wholesale or Retail.

T. R. PRICE & CO.

1101 nearly op. P. Office,

oct 19, 3m RICHMOND, VA.

TWELFTH Near Main Street. Restaurant. TWELFTH Near M'n Street.

J. T. JOHNSON,

(Formerly with S. Zeteller.)

Oysters, Fish and Game,

Served at any hour of the day or night.

The Bar stocked with the choicest

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Finest brands of Imported Cigars always on hand 12th st. near Main. *RICHMOND, VA*

GEO S PALMER, D I HARTSOOK, W H PALMER,

PALMER, HARTSOOK & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

No. 1321 Cary street,

RICHMOND, VA.

SPECIAL attention given to consignments of Grain, Flour, Tobacco and Cotton. Liberal advances made; bags furnished for Grain on application:

Refer to Paul Cameron, Esq. and Maj John Graham, Hillsboro, Oct 14 3m*

To Country Merchants.

I AM manufacturing daily my inimitable CREAM SUGAR, Steam Clarified, FLINT CANDIES, warranted better than any made in the United States for wholesale purposes. I have on hand the largest stock of

Confectionaries, Fruits, Cigars & Tobacco

I ever had at any one time. I buy all my goods from first hands, New York or Boston importers, or purchase them at cargo sales through brokers for cash, and can sell all goods as low as New York Jobbers.

☞ Don't you believe that I can be undersold anywhere.

Call and see or send for my prices.

LOUIS J BOSSIEUX,

Wholesale Confectioner,

Oct '70 n38 3m. 1412 Main St. Richmond,

BOOTS AND SHOES.

GARDNER, CARLTON & BALDWIN,

No. 19, Pearl or 14th Sts.,

Richm'nd, Va

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Boots and Shoes, which will be disposed of at as low prices as can be purchased in any market. Many years experience enables us to obtain from the different manufacturers such Goods as are best adapted to the North Carolina, Virginia and west Virginia trade.

Nov. 8, 3m

THOMAS D. JEFFRESS,

GROCER,

Wholesale Liquor Dealer

AND

General Commission Merchant,

No. 16 Pearl street,

Richmond, Va.

Solicits orders for Groceries and Liquors and Consignments of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Flour, and all other Country Produce.

☞ *Bags Furnished at usual Rates.* ☜

Prompt Remittance made for net proceeds of all consignments; or, if farmers prefer, Groceries or Fertilizers of any kind will be furnished at the lowest prices.

J S SUTPHIN of Halifax, Va. is with me and will be pleased to serve his friends. Oct 13-3m.

15 COOK Stoves of best make just received at E H FOGUE'S.

Sept 14 '70.

WEISIGER & CO.,

WHOLESALE

CLOTHIERS,

No. 12 Pearl Street,

RICHMOND, VA.

WE have the largest stock of Ready Made Clothing this spring we have ever offered for sale. The goods have been manufactured upon the best terms. We are determined to sell as cheap as any house in the country, North or South. We also offer for sale a large stock of White Fancy Negligee and Hickory Shirts, suitable for the Jobbing trade.

Our trade is EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE. A call from Merchants respectfully solicited.

Oc 12 3m WEISIGER & CO.

R. P. RICHARDSON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES,

Canton And Cocoa Mattings,

AND CURTAIN GOODS.

No. 901, Cor. Ninth & Main Sts.,

Thomas Booker Richmond, Va.

3m. no 38.

Purcell, Ladd & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

DEALERS IN

Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Dyes, Varnishes, French Polished Plate and Cylinder Window Glass; Agency for Virginia Springs' Waters.

☞ Orders promptly executed.

No. 1216 MAIN STREET, Cor. 13th.

Oct 13 3m. RICHMOND, VA.

FERGUSON & CO,

Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS.

AT WHOLESALE

1313 main street,

RICHMOND, VA.

J T Coleman, of N C 3m

S. C. WOODING,

WITH

ADAMS & BUCK,

Importers and Jobbers of

China, Glass, and Queensware,

And dealers in Lamps, Chandeliers, Brackets, &c 337 Balt. st. and 52 German street,

sep 28. BALTIMORE, M. D. 3m

RUN HERE QUICK!

EVERYBODY.

IF you want to get some of those nice Confections, that I have just received such as *Cakes and Crackers, Plain and Fancy Candies, Nuts of all kinds, Figs, Raisins, Pickles, Oysters, Brandy Peaches, Lobsters,*

Salmon, Sardines, Lemons and Lemon Syrup.

SURPRISE CANDY BOXES.

And every thing else kept in a first class CONFECTIONERY.

I also have the best CIGARS and the best Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos in Town. All of which if you dont believe you can try for yourself.

Oct. 5th 1870. J. R. GATTIS.

JOHN WILSON, F. L. WALKER, A. L. BALL.

WILSON'S WAREHOUSE,

MILTON, N. C.

WE announce to the planters of *Orange, Alamance, Granville, Person and Caswell,* and the adjoining counties that this house is still open, with superior facilities for selling Tobacco. As it is now being increased to double its present capacity, with Wagon Yard and sheds for horses.

We are thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, and will endeavor to merit its continuance.

Oct. 5. WILSON, WALKER & BALL.

NOTICE

15 DAYS is given to those indebted to me. After which time, the sheriff will attend to you in person. T. D. TINNIN.

Oct. 18. 83tf

ROBERT D. GRAHAM.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HILLSBORO N. C.

HAVING been licensed at the last term of the Supreme Court of N. C., offers his professional services to his fellow citizens.

Prompt attention to collection of claims in any part of the State.

Those desiring to secure a handsome legacy for their families combined with a profitable paying investment for themselves during life would do well to apply in person or by letter for an explanation of the "Tontine" system and other inducements offered by the Widows' and Orphans' Benefit Life Insurance Company of New York.

FIRE risks taken in two strong and prompt companies. R. D. G.

Oct. 18. n39tf

Attention, Overseers!

NOTICE is hereby given to Overseers of public Roads in the Hillsboro' ownship, that the Board of Trustees will meet at Hillsboro' on Friday the 2d day of December 1870. All Overseers having charge of Public Roads are required to attend and make their annual report on that day. Prompt attendance is required of every Overseer. ALEX. PLEASANTS, T. C.

Nov 2, 1870. 2t

NOTICE!

THE the purchaser of the Books, Notes, Bonds, and Accounts of Dr. E Strudwick, has placed the same in my hands with positive instructions to collect forthwith. I hereby notify all persons who may be owing Dr Strudwick prior and up to 1865, to come forward and settle with me before the 1st of January, or they will have to pay cost.

C. E. PARISH, J. P.

Nov 2nd, 1870. tf

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC 1871.

THE largest and best Almanac published in the State—circulation 20,000 copies. Be sure you get Turner's N. C. Almanac. Price per hundred $ 3,50—per gross $ 4,00—per doz. 75cts.—single copy 10 cts.

Single copy and packs of 1 doz. and 1 free of postage on receipt of price.

JAS. H. ENNIS, Agent,

Bookseller and Publisher Raleigh.

nov 16 1 m.

New Boarding House

IN RALEIGH, N. C.

MRS. ROSEY ROWE has opened a Boarding House in the building recently occupied by Mr. John G. Williams, on Fayetteville street. Boarders will be taken by the day, week or month at moderate rates.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited by her father JAS B McDADE.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY...NOV. 30, 1870.

THE RECORDER

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

C. N. B. EVANS & SON.

At $2 50 per annum, or $1 50 for six months—invariably in advance.

CLUBBING—A Club of five subscribers can have the paper one year for $11 25—Club of ten for $22—Club of fifteen for $30—Club of twenty for $38. Cash invariably.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 3 months $5—6 months $9—12 months $15
2 " 3 " $10—6 " $18—12 " $25
3 " 3 " $15—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $25—6 mo. $35—12 mo. $50
One column 3 months $45—6 mo. $65—12 mo. $100

☞ No deviation from these terms. Parties not allowed to exceed the space contracted for, unless they pay extra.

POETICAL.

ONLY A BOY.

Only a boy, with his noise and fun,
The veriest mystery under the sun!
As brimful of mischief, and wit, and glee;
As ever a human frame can be,
And as hard to manage—what? ah me!
'Tis hard to tell.
Yet we love him well.

Only a boy, with his fearful tread,
Who cannot be driven, but must be led;
Who troubles the neighbor's dogs and cats,
And tears more clothes, and spoils more hats,
Loses more kites, and tops, and bats,
Than would stock a store
For a year or more.

Only a boy; with his wild strange ways,
With his idle hours or his busy days;
With his queer remarks and his odd replies,
Sometimes foolish and sometimes wise,
Often brilliant by one of his size,
As a meteor hurled
From the planet world.

Only a boy, who will be a man,
If nature goes on with her first great plan;
If intemperance, or some fatal snare,
Conspire not to rob us of this our heir,
Our blessing, our trouble, our rest, our care,
Our torment, our joy!
"Only a boy."

Spice.

'Can any reader tell why, when Eve was manufactured from one of Adam's ribs, a hired girl wasn't made at the same time to wait on her.'

A Western paper describes a letter of Horace Greeley's as looking "as if somebody had smashed a bottle of ink on it and tried to wipe it off with a poultry-comb."

The son of a farmer in Dutchess county, N. Y., hid himself in his father's hay mow to learn to smoke. The country for miles around was lighted up by the bonfire, and as soon as the stones in the foundation cool off the farmer will build a new barn.

An English bishop querulously remarked to his servant that he was dying. "Well my lord," said the good fellow, 'if we are to trust your authority, you are going to a better place.' 'John,' replied the prelate, with an air of conviction, 'there's no place like old England.'

'What do you propose to give my daughter,' 'asked a gentleman of a country editor, who proposed to become his son-in-law. 'Give her was the interrogative reply. 'Why, I'll give her a puff.' It is hardly necessary to say that he got a wife, and that the 'puff' came in due time.

In absence of any other messenger, a colonel sent word to the surgeon, that some music was wanted. 'Can't blow a note,' said the drum major, 'for we haven't had anything to eat yet.' 'No excuse at all,' said the doctor, 'blow away,' there's always plenty of wind in an empty stomach.'

A girl of the period gave a supper to a few gentlemen the other evening. Her mamma was present. One of the gentlemen was telling a story; he stopped on a sudden, and said, 'I beg your pardon, the conclusion is scarcely fit for ladies' ears.' 'You hear, mamma,' said the girl of the period; 'leave the room a minute; you can come in again by and by.'

'She died,' said Polly, 'and was never seen again, for she was buried in the ground where the trees grow.' 'The cold ground?' said the child shuddering again.

'No, the warm ground,' returned Polly, 'where the ugly little seeds are turned into beautiful flowers, and where good people turn into angels and fly away to heaven.'

The artless generosity of youth is illustrated in an incident told of a little Albany boy, his face besmeared with molasses, and his rags fluttering in the breeze, running up from the river, flourishing a dirty shingle, and screaming at the top of his voice to a comrade:

'Oh, Bill! Bill! get as many boys and shingles as you can, for there's a big hogshead of 'lasses busted on the pavement—busted all to smash!'

An Editor's Shirt.—Editors have a first-rate time in Texas. The ladies of a town out there have given to the editor of the paper an embroidered shirt which contains a pictorial history of Texas, including the war with Mexico, and the meeting of the first Legislature, and also pictures of the State, all worked in red worsted. The editor never wore a shirt in his life, and he thought this was a flag for the temperance procession which was to come off the next week. So he made a little speech of thanks, in which he said he would fling it out forever to the breezes of heaven, that they might kiss its folds, and that until his hands palsied it should never be trailed in the dust—never. The ladies didn't understand him, and when he talked about its trailing, they blushed and said they were sorry they made it too long. But a committeeman took the editor aside and explained the shirt to him in a whisper, and the next day he appeared in the office with that shirt mounted over his coat, and wrote four columns of explanation for his paper. The shirt is much admired by the boys of the town, and whenever the editor goes out for a walk they follow him in regiments, studying the history of Texas and the fine arts on the back of it.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MRS. G. STAUBLY,
PETERSBURG, VA.
DEALER IN
FOREIGN FRUITS, FRENCH CANDIES.
CIGARS, TOYS, NOTIONS &c.,
Terms Cash, No. 26 Sycamore St.,
Oct 19 3m. Petersburg Va.

THOMAS SMITH. J. ANDREW WHITE.
SMITH & WHITE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS MATTING &C.
PETERSBURG, VA.
LARGE lots of Goods constantly received from Auction, and sold at less PRICES than any similar goods can be had in the city.
☞ Orders solicited and samples sent free by mail with prices attached. oct 19 3m.

H. C. DAVIS, BARTLETT ROPER, P. EUGENE DAVIS.
DAVIS, ROPER & CO.
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
No 5 Iron Front Building, Sycamore St.
PETERSBURG, VA.
Oct. 19 1870 3m.

JOHN ALFRIEND. JOHN T. WOODWARD.
ALFRIEND & WOODWARD
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS
AND DEALER IN
Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, &c.
No. 11 Sycamore, opposite Bollingbrook St.
Oct 19, n3m. PETERSBURG, VA.

CARTER R. BISHOP. WM. J. BRANCH.
BISHOP & BRANCH,
Grocers and General
COM'SION MERCHANTS,
No. 108 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.
KEEP constantly on hand a complete stock of GROCERIES,
And sole agents for the sale of that invaluable fertilizer, the VEGETATOR.
We give our personal attention to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, Grain, and all Country Produce, and prompt returns made.
☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of Produce in hand. oct 19 n3m

JOHN C. SMITH & SON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
WOODS, BRASS, BRONZE, BIRDS
&C., &C.
53 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
☞ Branch of Baltimore House. Orders filled at Factory Prices for the Celebrated Live Indian, Partagas, Figaro, Espanola, and other brands of Choice Cigars.
☞ Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. oct 18 n3m.

T. D. DAVIDSON, Jr.,
DEALER IN
Leather, Shoe - Findings,
HIDES, FURS, WOOL, TALLOW, BEESWAX, &c.
No. 61 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, Va.
☞ Highest Cash Prices paid for WOOL and Hides of all Kinds. oct 18 3m.

Iron, Steel, Scales, Agricultural Implements, Machine Oils.
Gilliam & Dunlop,
PETERSBURG, VA.
OFFERS for sale to jobbers and purchasers, Refined Iron, flat, round or square Swedes Iron for farm work, White Swedes Iron from 1 to twelve inches, Hoop Iron, Carriage Iron, Band and Oval Iron, Horse Shoe Iron and Nail Rods, Cast Steel, Blister and German Steel, also Fair Bank's Scales at New York prices, Brinkerhoff and Southern Corn Shellers, Smith's Well fixtures, Cutting Knives, Fan Mills, Ploughs, best Sperm, Tallow, Lard & lubricating Oils. oct 18 3m

R. H. JONES, SNR. H. L. PLUMMER.
Formerly of S M Martin & Co.
JONES & PLUMMER,
Gen'l Commission Merchants & Grocers,
No 114 Sycamore street,
PETERSBURG, VA.
SOLICIT consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, wheat and other Country Produce, to which they give their personal attention. Prompt returns made. Oct 14. 3m.

DOUGLAS BELL,
GROCER
AND
COMI'SION MERCHANT,
RALEIGH, N. C.
HAS always on hand a carefully selected stock of
GROCERIES.
Prices regulated by daily quotations from Baltimore.
He carries a full stock of
Brandy! Whisky!! Wines!!!
and sells always the genuine
Peruvian Guano!!!
Satisfaction in every trade guaranteed.
Sept. 28th, 1870. 1m

W. A. CATTIS,
RETAIL DEALER IN
Confectionery, French & American
Candies,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
Canned Oysters, Salmon, Sardines, Peaches
PINE APPLE AND TOMATTOES,
Fayetteville St. (next door to John C. Palmer,)
RALEIGH N. C.
Feb 16, 1870. n4t

Blanks for Sale.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

FALL TRADE. 1870.
T. D. TOY & CO.,
(Successor to King & Toy,)
Importer and Wholesale Druggist,
Head of Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.
OFFERS to Druggists and General Dealers a stock of Drugs, Druggists' sundries Patent Medicines, Paints, Fancy Articles, &c, at the lowest wholesale prices. sep 29 3m

1870. FALL TRADE. 1870.
YANCY BROTHERS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
Notions, Hosiery, and Fancy Dry Goods,
No. 13, Main street,
NORFOLK, VA.
Sept 29, 3m

MILLAR, GRANDY & ROBERTS,
(Successors to Berkley, Millar & Co.)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
W. M. Millar, 16 West Main Street,
J. W. Grandy, of N. C. NORFOLK, VA.
L. W. Roberts, L. BERKLEY, Special Partner.
N. B. No Goods sold except to Merchants.

A. R. WILSON, W. H. WILSON, E. B. BAKER, M. D.
WILSON BROS. & BAKER,
Dealers in
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Essences, &c
Corn. Widewater st & Roan. Sqr.
sep 29. —3m NORFOLK, VA.

S. R. BORUM,
NO. 10, W. MAIN ST.
Norfolk, Va.
Importer and Dealer in
FINE BRANDIES, WINES,
AND ALL VARIETIES OF
LIQUORS,
Havana and Domestic Cigars, all qualities.
For Wedding Parties
and special occasions we [illegible] to fill any order in the entire line of [illegible] at the lowest prices. RESTAURANTS [illegible] at low prices for good and fine articles. Prices and samples when required.

Hofheimer & Kaufmann,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
TRUNKS, SATCHELS, &c.,
No. 9 East Market Sqr.
sep 29. NORFOLK, VA. 3m

W. R. Hudgins, N. W. Nicholas, T. W. Rogers
W. R. HUDGINS & Co.,
Importers and Dealers in
Hardware, Cutlery & Guns,
No. 11 East Side Market Square,
Sept. 29 NORFOLK, VA. 3m

ROBT. O. EPES & CO.,
(Successors to Thos. R. Gary & Co)
WHOLESALE
China, Glass, and Earthenware,
SILVER PLATED GOODS,
Fine Table Cutlery, and House Furnishing Goods of all kinds.
Main Street, Opposite Custom House,
sep 29, 3m NORFOLK, VA.

ALLEN HOWARD. G. E. MALTBY.
HOWARD & MALTBY,
wholesale dealers in

OYSTERS,
Fish, Turtle,
FRUIT AND EARLY PRODUCE.
Oysters Spiced to Order.
No. 9, Campbell's Wharf,
sep 29 3m NORFOLK, VA.

Baltimore, Marrow & Co.,
WHOLESALE
Shoe House,
Atlantic Block,
S. S. SAUNDERS. NORFOLK, VA.
Sep 29, 3m

A. S. BAXTER, N. York. C. A. NASH, Norfolk. W. W. BAXTER.
BAXTER, NASH & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Liquor Dealers,
No. 4 Commercial Row,
NORFOLK, VA.
SOLICIT Orders and will fill them at lowest market rates on day received. sep 29—3m

HOFHEIMER BROS. & CO.,
WHOLESALE
CLOTHIERS,
Z. Hofheimer, 37 Main Street,
M. Hofheimer, NORFOLK, VA.
A. Hofheimer,
The only exclusive Wholesale House in the city
Branch House 19 Main st., opposite Market Sq're.

Having completed their large and extensive stock of Fall and Winter Clothing and are now prepared to sell at New York prices. Country merchants would do well to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Sept 29 3m

W. H. TAYLOR, A. S. MARTIN, T. E. ELLIOTT, J. H. WATERS
TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE
Cor. Main and Market Square,
NORTOLK, VA.

THE KOALAGE
RESTAURANT,
No. 5 Commercial Row,
NORFOLK, VA.
Just opened near the Norfolk & Portsmouth Ferry a first-class Restaurant where all the delicacies of tide-water Markets can be found. The best
Wines, Brandies and Whiskeys
always on hand. North Carolina friends specially invited to call and get something good. 3m

DANVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAVES' NEW
WAREHOUSE
PRICE'S LOT
DANVILLE, VA.
WE take pleasure in informing our friends that we have completed our
NEW WAREHOUSE,
which, for convenience of situation, construction and its fine Sky-light cannot be excelled in this Market. We have an Excellent Wagon-Yard, where your stock will be perfectly secure.
We have also a good house for our customers to sleep in.
We have associated with us, Mr. Wm. T. Law, so long and favorably known to the planters around Danville, as to need no recommendation.
We take pleasure in returning our thanks to our friends for the very liberal support we have received, and hope by prompt personal attention to our business to continue to merit and receive the patronage of our friends and the public.
WM. P. GRAVES,
THOS. R. McDEARMAN,
WM. T. LAW.

BOOT & SHOE STORE
CREWS & HICKSON,
(Successors to J. M. Smith,)
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
TRUNKS, LEATHER, SHOE-FINDINGS, &c.
Corner Main and Craghead Sts.
DANVILLE, VA.
☞ Highest cash prices paid for Hides.
E. S. CREWS, Capt. H. L. GUERRANT, W. HICKSON,
mar 30—1y Salesman

FURNITURE!!!
THE undersigned have recently added to their stock of Furniture many new and beautiful styles of PARLOR & CHAMBER SUITS, which they propose to sell as low as similar articles can be bought in Richmond or any other market South of Baltimore. Their stock of
Dining and Sitting Room Chairs,
Extension and Folding-leaf Tables,
Ward-Robes, Hat Trees,
Marble-Top Centre Tables,
Cottage & B'k walnut Bed Steads
Bureaus, Wash Stands,
Candle Stands, &c, &c,
is as complete as can be found in any first class establishment. HICKSON, TYACK & CO.,
Danville, Va.
☞ Agents for FISK'S Metallic Burial Cases.

Dr. H. W. COLE,
DRUGGIST.
DANVILLE, VA.
KEEPS constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of
Pure and Reliable Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs &c. &c.
at greatly reduced prices. A liberal discount to Wholesale Dealers.
Sole agent for Pilan's Peruvian Bitters.
March 30.

WANTED
TOBACCO STEMS.
I AM prepared to pay highest cash price for Tobacco Stems, either loose or in Hogsheads. If prized they should be in strong hogsheads 42 inches in head by 52 long to weigh not less than 1300 lbs, free from scrap Tobacco or short stems. Parties having stems, will do well to see me before selling as I am purchasing for foreign Manufacturers who can afford to pay highest prices.
J. H. PEMBERTON.
Office over Taylor Bro's Store, next door to Clark's
Danville, Va. June 29 4m

I. P. RAINES,
BAKRY AND CONFECTIONERY
And Dealer in all kinds of
Forign & Domestic Fruits,
Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,
Segars, Toys, &c,
Main Street, DANVILLE, VA.

WM. KNABE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND,
SQUARE & UPRIGHT
Piano Fortes.
Warerooms No. 350 West Balt. St. near Eutaw,
BALTIMORE.
These Instruments have been before the Public for nearly 20 years, and upon their excellence alone attained an unparalleled pre-eminence which pronounces them unequalled. Their
TONE
combines great power, sweetness and fine singularity, as well as great purity of Intonation, and evenness throughout the entire scale. Their
TOUCH
is pliant and elastic, and, entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos. In
WORKMANSHIP
they are unexcelled, using none but the very best seasoned material, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c. on hand.
All our Square Pianos have our New Improved Overstrung scale and the Agraffe Treble.
We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS and SQUARE GRANDS, Patented Aug. 14, 1870, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained. Every Piano fully Warranted for 5 years.
Sole Wholesale Agency for Carhart & Needhams celebrated Parlor Organs and Church Harmoniums.
WM. KNABE & CO.
No 350 West Balt. st. near Eutaw, Baltimore.

CANFIELD, BRO. & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE,
PLATED WARE, DIAMONDS, PEARLS,
BRONZES, CLOCKS.
FANCY GOODS,
Watchmakers' Tools & Materials,
229, Baltimore St.
Baltimore.
Dealers are respectfully invited to examine our stock. Agents for Waltham Amer. Watches.
mar 9, 1870. 1y

DR. TUTT'S
SOUTHERN PREPARATION.
TUTT'S Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight.
" Expectorant.
" Hair Dye, the best known.
" Liver Pills.
" Pain Alleviator.
" Essence Jamaica Ginger.
" Cod Liver Oil.
" Golden Bitters,
At the Drug Store, JAS. Y. WHITTED.
May 16th. no 17—tf

Dissolution.
T H TURNER & CO. have dissolved copartnership by mutual consent. All persons indebted must make immediate payment.
T H TURNER & CO
eb 22, 1870

NOTICE.
The Business will be continued by I. Turner who will keep on hand the best Foreign and Domestic Liquors. He will be pleased to see you at his old stand West of the Court house and returns thanks for past favors.
I TURNER.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

Go to the best
COLLEGE OF ACTUAL BUSINESS
IN AMERICA.
The Bryant, Stratton & Sadler
SOUTHERN
Business College
No. 8 N. Charles Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Organized and devoted entirely to
PREPARING YOUNG MEN
TO BECOME
BANKERS, MERCHANTS, ACCOUNTANTS,
AND
BUSINESS MEN GENERAL
THERE ARE NO VACATIONS.
STUDENTS CAN ENTER AT ANY TIME.
The patronage of this Institution is chiefly from the Southern States.
☞ SEND FOR COLLEGE DOCUMENTS. ☜
Enclose two stamps. Address as above.

The Old Established Actual
CORNER OF Baltimore and Charles streets.
BUSINESS COLLEGE
BALTIMORE, MD.
FOUNDED 1852. INCORPORATED 1854.
The most Extensive and
Best Busines College
IN THE U. STATES.
Every Young Man should write immediately for a package of College Documents, containing our large Illustrated College Journal, Samples of Money, Beautiful Specimens of Penmanship, &c.
E. K. LOSIER, Pres't.
J. M. PHILLIPS, Supt. of Business Dept. 8mly

MALTBY HOUSE,
BALTIMORE, MD.
G. R. HOUAN, Proprietor.
Reduction of Fare.
In consideration of the general decline in cost of all necessaries appertaining to Hotel Keeping, the price of Board will be reduced on and after January 1st, 1870, to
$2.50 PER DAY.
being determined that nothing will be left undone in the future to make the "MALTBY" what it has been in the past—second to none in the city.
March, 1870 ly

HOLLAND'S
WAREHOUSE,
DANVILLE, VA.
S. H. HOLLAND, DAN'L COLEMAN, PETER R. LAW.
Our Charges as low as any other House.
Accommodations unsurpassed and the Highest Prices guaranteed.

From the Danville Register, July 20, 1870.
MESSRS. S. H. Holland & Co. sold at Holland's Warehouse, on last Wednesday, July 13th, six lots of Tobacco for Fleming Lewis, of Pittsylvania, Va., at an average of $5 75 cents per 100 hundred pounds all round, including Lugs, Red and Yellow Leaf. One lot at $9, 1 lot at $60, 1 lot at $55, one at $50, one lot at $25. This is ahead of any average sale made in this market this year.

From the same of August 3.
Messrs. S. H. Holland & Co., sold at Holland's Warehouse on last Friday, July 29th, 1870, five lots Tobacco for Messrs. William Cardwell & Co., of Pittsylvania county, Va., at an average of $51 and 36 cents (71.36) 2 hundred pounds all round. One Lot $44, 1 lot $51, one lot $62, one lot $80, 1 lot $80.

Sale made August 3rd, 1870, for J. R. Lumpkins, of Pittsylvania county, Va., 3 Lots (1 Load) at an average of $9.90. One Lot $160, one lot $82, one $61.
☞ All we ask is a trial.
S. H. HOLLAND & CO.
Danville, Aug. 3rd, 1870. H

Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, &c.
HAVING opened a New and Full Stock of DRUGS in Hillsboro, I am now prepared to attend to all orders for the same either day or night, and will give them my personal attention. Also, on hand
Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Varnishes, and other articles of that class. Also
Hostetter's Bitters, Vinegar Bitters, Rosadalis, Kookoo, Schnapps, Sarsaparilla, Cod Liver Oil, Salad Oil, Hair Dye, Hair Renewer, Worm Candy, Confections & Oils, Bateman's Drops, solid Opodeldoc,
Horse Powders, Benzine, British Oil, Soothing Syrup, Infant Powders, Stove Polish and British Luster, Tutt's Expectorant and Liver Pills, King of all Pain, Bronchial Troches, Gelatin Corn Starch, Extracts,
Ink, Paper, Pens, Soaps, Pomades, Tooth, Paint and Blacking Brushes, Games for Children; Wines and Brandy
For Medicinal uses, and all other articles usually found in a first class Drug Store.
Hillsboro, April 13. O. HOOKER.

WISE BROTHERS,
1304, CARY STREET.
RICHMOND, VA.
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF LEAF
TOBACCO, GRAIN, FLOUR AND COUNTRY PRODUCE.
WE beg leave to tender our numerous friends of Virginia and North Carolina our most sincere and cordial thanks for their very generous patronage, and to assure them that our arrangements are of the most complete character for forwarding their interests. They shall have every advantage of foreign markets as well as our own. With a thoroughly close observation of our market, the most intimate acquaintance with the Tobacco trade, we pledge the same the highest market price for their consignments.
Bags for transportation of Grain always on hand.
J. B. Morton, Esq., Cash'r National Bank of Richmond, and W. S. Patton, Esq., and Messrs. Johnson and Picklen, Bankers, Danville, Va., will pay all our checks and authorized sight drafts on our house.
Mr. Thos. D. Neal, formerly of Neal's Warehouse, Danville, is with us and trusts to hear from his old friends and neighbors.
March 24. 16—6m

THE GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY!
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS.
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,
Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits, and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD-PURIFIER and LIFE-GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell.
$100 will be given for an incurable case, providing the bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is greatly produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.
FOR SKIN DISEASES, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-Worms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters. One bottle in such cases will convince the most incredulous of their curative effects.
DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.
Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.
FIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.
For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.
J. WALKER, Proprietor, 32 & 34 Commerce Street, New York. R. H. McDONALD & Co.,
Druggists, and Gen. Agents, San Francisco, California, 32 & 34 Commerce St. N.Y.
☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic. This combination, the peculiar merit of which is a powerful agent in curing Chronic Diseases, has never before been attained. Other Bitters contain Cathartic Medicines, which, while they relieve, impair the digestive organs. These Bitters are not a cathartic, but a medicinal preparation never producing injury.
For Sale by JAS. Y. WHITTED.

Ocean House,
PORTSMOUTH, VA.
HALL & BRIGGS, PROPRIETORS,
THIS House has been thoroughly Refurnished and refitted. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.
CAPT. BAKER, Supt.